

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 1129

January Session, 2001

LCO No. 3754

Referred to Committee on Energy and Technology

Introduced by: (ET)

AN ACT CONCERNING RIGHTS OF WATER COMPANY CONSUMERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 25-32e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (a) If, upon review, investigation or inspection, the Commissioner of 4 Public Health determines that a water company has violated any 5 provision of section 25-32, section 25-32d or any regulation adopted 6 under section 25-32d, or any regulation in the Public Health Code 7 relating to the purity and adequacy of water supplies or to the testing of water supplies or any report of such testing, the commissioner may 8 9 impose a civil penalty of not [to exceed five thousand dollars per 10 violation per day less than one hundred dollars per violation per day, 11 nor more than one thousand dollars per violation per day upon such 12 water company. Governmental immunity shall not be a defense 13 against the imposition of any civil penalty imposed pursuant to this 14 section. The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with 15 the provisions of chapter 54, establishing a schedule or schedules of 16 the amounts, or the ranges of amounts, of civil penalties which may be 17 imposed under this section. In adopting such regulations, the

commissioner shall consider the size of or the number of persons served by the water company, the level of assessment necessary to insure immediate and continued compliance with such provision, and the character and degree of injury or impairment to or interference with or threat thereof to: (1) The purity of drinking water supplies; (2) the adequacy of drinking water supplies; and (3) the public health, safety or welfare. No such civil penalty may be imposed until the regulations required by this subsection have been adopted.

- (b) In setting a civil penalty in a particular case, the commissioner shall consider all factors which the commissioner deems relevant, including, but not limited to, the following: (1) The amount of assessment necessary to insure immediate and continued compliance with such provision; (2) the character and degree of impact of the violation on the purity and adequacy of drinking water supplies; (3) whether the water company incurring the civil penalty is taking all feasible steps or procedures necessary or appropriate to comply with such provisions or to correct the violation; (4) any prior violations by such water company of statutes, regulations, orders or permits administered, adopted or issued by the commissioner; (5) the character and degree of injury to, or interference with, public health, safety or welfare which has been or may be caused by such violation; and (6) whether the consumers of the water company have been notified of each violation.
- (c) If the commissioner has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the commissioner may impose a penalty if compliance is not achieved by a specified date and send to the violator, by certified mail, return receipt requested, or personal service, a notice which shall include: (1) A reference to the sections of the statute or regulation involved; (2) a short and plain statement of the matters asserted or charged; (3) a statement of the amount of the civil penalty or penalties to be imposed; (4) the initial date of the imposition of the penalty; and (5) a statement of the party's right to a hearing. The commissioner shall require the water company to send a copy of such notice to its

consumers and to the news organizations that are designated by the commissioner.

- (d) The civil penalty shall be payable for noncompliance on the date specified in subsection (c) of this section and for each day thereafter until the water company against which the penalty was issued notifies the commissioner that the violation has been corrected and that notice of such violation has been sent to its consumers. Upon receipt of such notification, the commissioner shall determine whether or not the violation has been corrected and shall notify the water company, in writing, of such determination. The water company may, within twenty days after such notice is sent by the commissioner, request a hearing to contest an adverse determination. If, after such hearing, the commissioner finds that the violation still exists, or if the water company fails to request a hearing, the penalty shall continue in force from the original date of imposition.
- (e) The water company to which the notice is addressed shall have twenty days from the date of mailing of the notice to make written application to the commissioner for a hearing to contest the imposition of the penalty. The water company shall send a copy of such application to its consumers. All hearings under this section shall be conducted pursuant to sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive, except that the presiding officer shall automatically grant each consumer of the water company intervenor status in the proceeding. Any civil penalty may be mitigated by the commissioner upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, deems proper or necessary upon consideration of the factors set forth in subsection (b) of this section.
- (f) A final order of the commissioner assessing a civil penalty shall be subject to appeal as set forth in section 4-183 after a hearing before the commissioner pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, except that any such appeal shall be taken to the superior court for the judicial district of New Britain and shall have precedence in the order of trial

as provided in section 52-191. Such final order shall not be subject to appeal under any other provision of the general statutes. No challenge to any such final order shall be allowed as to any issue which could have been raised by an appeal of an earlier order, notice, permit, denial or other final decision by the commissioner. The consumers of the water company against which the order was assessed shall have the right to be heard on such appeal.

- (g) If any water company fails to pay any civil penalty, the Attorney General, upon request of the commissioner, may bring an action in the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford to obtain enforcement of the penalty by the court. All actions brought by the Attorney General pursuant to the provisions of this section shall have precedence in the order of trial as provided in section 52-191.
- (h) The provisions of this section are in addition to and not in derogation of any other enforcement provisions of any statute administered by the commissioner or the rights of consumers, including, but not limited to, their common law rights. The powers, duties and remedies provided in such other statutes, and the existence of or exercise of any powers, duties or remedies under this section or under such other statute shall not prevent the commissioner from exercising any other powers, duties or remedies available to the commissioner at law or in equity.
- Sec. 2. Section 25-32g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

If the Commissioner of Public Health finds after investigation that any person is causing, engaging in or maintaining, or is about to cause, engage in or maintain, any condition or activity which violates any provision of sections 19a-36 to 19a-39, inclusive, or sections 25-32 to 25-54, inclusive, or any regulation or permit adopted or issued thereunder and constitutes an immediate threat to the quality or adequacy of any source of water supply, [he] the commissioner may, without prior hearing, issue an order in writing to such person to discontinue, abate,

115 alleviate or correct such condition or activity. Upon receipt of such an 116 order such person shall immediately discontinue, abate, alleviate or 117 correct such condition or activity. The commissioner shall, within ten 118 days after such order, hold a hearing to provide the person an 119 opportunity to be heard and show that such condition, activity or 120 violation does not exist. A consumer of a water company that utilizes 121 such water supply shall have the right to be heard in such proceeding. 122 Such order shall remain in effect until ten days after the hearing within 123 which time a new decision based on the hearing shall be made.

- Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 25-36 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 126 (a) Except as provided otherwise in this part, any person or 127 corporation aggrieved by any order of the Department of Public 128 Health made under the provisions of part III of this chapter, may 129 appeal therefrom in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183, 130 except venue shall be in the judicial district in which the source of the 131 water or ice supply is located. If such source is located in more than 132 one judicial district, the appeal shall be taken to the court for that 133 judicial district containing the part of such source nearest the mouth of 134 the stream or river forming the main portion of the source of supply. 135 If a water company is subject to such an order and such water 136 company takes an appeal in accordance with this subdivision, the 137 water company shall provide notice to its consumers of such appeal, 138 and such consumers shall have the right to be heard in such appeal. 139 Each order of the Department of Public Health issued under the 140 foregoing provisions to any person or corporation shall specify the 141 time within which such person or corporation shall comply with the 142 terms thereof. If such person or corporation fails to comply with the 143 terms of such order and no appeal is taken therefrom, the state's 144 attorney for the judicial district of Hartford shall bring a complaint 145 against such person or corporation to the superior court for said 146 judicial district.

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Statement of Purpose:

To require water companies to provide certain notifications to its consumers and to provide water company consumers with the right to participate in certain proceedings.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]